

ABOUT THE CITY.

A DAY'S HAPPENINGS WRITTEN UP BY THE WHIG MAN.

INTERESTING LOCAL CHAPTER.

SHORT STORIES OF WHAT'S TAKING PLACE EACH DAY.

What the People Say and Do And How They Do and Say It.

Mrs. J. H. Weymouth is seriously ill at her home on Union street.

Messrs. Charles Mosher and Carl Snow passed Sunday at Ellsworth.

Mr. and Mrs. Linwood C. Tyler are receiving congratulations upon the birth of twin boys.

Mrs. E. F. Gellerson leaves this morning for two or three weeks' visit in Boston and vicinity.

Superintendent J. C. Waltz of the American Wood Company, was at the Bangor House on Sunday.

Mr. C. W. Tebbets returned Sunday evening on the 8 o'clock train to Boston, after a short visit with his mother in this city.

The members of the Robert Mantell company remained in Bangor over Sunday and several enjoyed the excellent skating on the river.

Dr. O. E. Wasgatt is able to be out and attend to business again after several days' illness, much to the gratification of his many friends.

In the municipal court on Saturday, Fred Kane was sentenced to 30 days in jail for drunkenness, and John Johnson was fined \$3 and costs for the same offense.

A small party from Pittsfield attended the production of "The Dagger and the Cross" by the Robert Mantell company in the Opera House Saturday evening.

General Manager Cram's private car came down from Milinocket Saturday on the B. & A. train which arrives in Bangor at 1:05 P. M. The car went up to Milinocket Friday.

Mr. Walter C. Clark, Bangor manager of the New York Life Insurance Co., has moved his office from the Public Library block to City hall, where he will occupy part of the office of W. W. Palmer.

Miss Gertrude Marsh, of Kenduskeag, was the contralto at the First Parish church Sunday and will supply during the absence of Mrs. Nelson. Miss Marsh has a voice of rare merit for one so young—17 years. She is a pupil of Mrs. Gorham Wood of this city and a niece of Mr. Carl Oakman.

The many friends in this city and elsewhere of Mr. F. L. Gibson, the general clerk of the Moosehead Inn, Greenville, will be pleased to learn that he is rapidly recovering from an operation for appendicitis which was performed a little more than a week ago at the Bangor hospital.

Buckley & Freibig's "dollar bill" candy sale was another big success on Saturday, those hustling proprietors having disposed of a large amount of sweetmeats. Up to Sunday night only one card had been returned from a lucky buyer and that was from James Mitchell, of 60 Main street, he having found a crisp dollar note in a box of candy he purchased from lot No. 8.

Mr. Roy Harlow, of Pittsfield, a well known clarinetist of no mean ability, has sold out his jewelry business in Pittsfield to accept a position in a large jewelry manufactory in Providence, R. I. Mr. Harlow was in Bangor Sunday on his way to his home in Win-

Connecticut Fire Insurance Co., Of HARTFORD, CONN.

Condensed Statement.

ASSETS, DEC. 31, 1899.

Real Estate	..... \$ 221,700 00
Mortgage Loans	..... 1,100,840 00
Collateral Loans	..... 50,000 00
Stocks and Bonds	..... 2,097,889 00
Cash in Office and Bank	..... 224,656 65
Bills Receivable	..... 10,696 85
Agents' Balances	..... 30,259 25
Uncollected Premiums	..... 83,400 00
	..... \$ 3,869,451 75

LIABILITIES, DEC. 31, 1899.	..... \$ 200,714 00
Net Unpaid Losses	..... 1,559,897 14
	..... \$ 1,860,612 04

Cash Capital

Surplus over all Liabilities

Total Liabilities and Surplus

Blake, Barrows & Brown, Agents

9 Central Street, Bangor, Me.

Begin the New Year Right.

Take advantage of my low prices for photographs. Glossy Cabinets, \$1.50 per dozen. Carbonettes, \$1.50. QUALITY UNEXCELLED.

FRANK C. WESTON.

Photographer.

Bangor.

PLAY AND PLAYERS

ROBERT MANTELL DRAWS BIG HOUSES ON SATURDAY.

JERE, M'AULIFFE HERE TO-NIGHT

HE WILL BE SUPPORTED BY A FINE COMPANY.

Plays a New Play Each Night—Brings His Own Scenery—Notes.

The Knights of Ancient Essene Order are planning for a grand time on Tuesday evening, Feb. 13. The occasion will be the dedication of their new hall which has recently been fitted up in the Coombs block on Main street. A fine entertainment program has been arranged, which will consist of several selections by the Penobscot quartet, composed of Messrs. Fred McKay first tenor, C. M. Browne, second tenor, Benjamin P. Files, second bass and Frank Heiskell, first bass. There will also be several readings. After the entertainment a supper will be served and a dance program carried out.

GEN. GORDON'S LECTURE.

Much interest is being taken in the coming lecture to be delivered in City Hall on Saturday evening February 10 by General John B. Gordon, and doubtless the old veteran will be greeted with a large and enthusiastic audience.

General Gordon will take for his subject that night "The First Days of the Confederacy," the mate to his famous lecture "The Last Days of the Confederacy."

General Gordon, with one exception, is now the sole survivor who held high rank in either army and prominently participated at the close of the great struggle at Appomattox, who is capable of giving to the people a vivid picture of these thrilling events. An officer of the highest order, a soldier without previous training, whose rapid rise from the rank of captain to the command of one wing of Lee's army reads like a romance, who was designated in official reports as the "Chevalier Bayard" of the army and who has devoted his time and talents to the reconciliation of the sections. General Gordon must necessarily accomplish great good by his lecture tour, as well as furnish to the young men of the country the only opportunity perhaps that will ever occur of learning of these great events from a living, capable and faithful witness.

THE PEOPLE'S SERVICE.

On Sunday evening at the People's service at the First Parish church standing room only was to be obtained after 7:30 o'clock, the occasion of such a large audience was due to the unusually interesting program which had been arranged and which was rendered in a most pleasing manner. The concert solo by Mr. E. C. Adams with violin obligato by Mr. H. C. Sawyer and the vocal solo by Mr. Harry W. Libby were features of the program, which follows:

Organ Prelude..... Miss Bramhall.

Hymn.....

Hymn.....

The Dawn of Love..... Bendlx Orchestra.

Responsive Reading.....

Prayer, followed by Lord's Prayer (people uniting).

Response.....

Quartet, Cornet Solo, with violin obligato—Angel's Serenade..... Braga.

Mr. E. C. Adams and Mr. H. C. Sawyer, Offering, Offertory Interlude—Orchestra.

Hymn.....

Address—The Parable of the Father.

Solo—The Prodigal Son..... Parker.

Mr. Harry W. Libby.

Hymn.....

NEW CORPORATIONS.

The seven following companies have filed certificates of incorporation at the State House:

The New England Quartz Co., organized at Portland, for the purpose of

mining, with \$150,000 capital stock, of

which \$700 is paid in. The officers are:

President, A. J. Desmond of Portland;

treasurer, H. P. Sweetser of Portland.

Certificate approved, Jan. 24, 1900.

The Ophir Reducing Co., organized at Kittery, for the purpose of separating

gold and silver from quartz tailings,

with \$100,000 capital stock, of

which nothing is paid in. The officers are:

President, F. H. Hersey of Boston,

Mass.; treasurer, E. W. Talbot of

Norwood, Mass. Certificate approved,

Jan. 24, 1900.

The Eastern and Southern Construction Co., organized at Portland, for the

purpose of constructing railroads, with

\$250,000 capital stock, of which \$700

is paid in. The officers are: President,

A. J. Desmond of Portland; treasurer,

H. P. Sweetser of Portland. Certificate

approved, Jan. 24, 1900.

The National Shoe and Leather Ex-

change, organized at Portland for the

purpose of conducting a mercantile and

reporting agency with \$100,000 capital

stock, of which \$100,000 is paid in. The

officers are: President, F. W. Jones of

Lincoln, Mass.; treasurer, H. W. Jones

of Cambridge, Mass. Certificate approved

Jan. 24, 1900.

The Pamela Grange Shoe Co., organized

at Hancock for the purpose of dealing

in merchandise and provisions with

\$10,000 capital stock, of which

\$1500 is paid in. The officers are: Presi-

dent, J. P. Walker of Hancock; Md.

treasurer, J. N. Stanton of Hancock, Me.

Certificate approved Jan. 24, 1900.

The C. L. Jones company, organized

at Augusta for the purpose of manufac-

turing soaps, with \$100,000 capital

stock, of which nothing is paid in. The

officers are: President, F. W. Jones of

Lincoln, Mass.; treasurer, H. W. Jones

of Cambridge, Mass. Certificate approved

Jan. 24, 1900.

A. W. Fowles Co., organized at Lew-

iston for the purpose of dealing in

dry goods, with \$30,000 capital stock,

of which \$12,000 is paid in. The offi-

cers are: President, C. E. Libby of

Lewiston, Me.; treasurer, A. W. Fowles

of Auburn, Me. Certificate approved

Jan. 15, 1900.

They make a thunderin' sight of

fuss about the Chinese open door," re-

marked Uncle Jerry Peebles. "As far

as I've noticed, the Chinese open

door always leads into a laundry or an

opium den."—Chicago Tribune.

Dr. Piero's Pleasant Pellets are to

ordinary pills what the grain of mus-

tard seed is to ordinary seeds. They

are very small but are remarkable in

their action. They cure disorders of

the heart, kidneys, liver, and they

have been in the past used simply in

the treatment of the heart, kidneys,

liver, and they

have been in the past used simply in

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SALE of
KS,
RY, Etc.
BE SOLD!

OKS, WRITING PAPER,
AMES and TOYS, and

in 50 per cent.

MORNING and lasts ONE

32 State St.

ILL THEY COME! ANOTHER BIG ONE!
E. C. | Commencing Monday, Jan. 29,
Day Unveiled Commerce Tuesday.

SPECIAL ESCAPEMENT OF

ERE. MAULIFFE

and his Big Stock Company, in a new and

well selected repertory.

EDUCATIONAL THEATRE, New

England's Scenery, A Host of Up-to-Date

Theatrical Performances.

Read This Month's Repertoire

ENTRIES

The Man O' War Mar-

Southern Chinese

and the

Under Sealed Orders

On Tuesday

To Be Announced

From Sing Sing

MATINEES

Now

What Happened to Hono-

red and the

Play of the Year

and the

Great

Prices

Evenings

10, 20, 30

At Sale will open Friday

ENTRIES

Write in Comfort

with a Waterman Ideal

Fountain Pen. They write

readily, flow steadily;

don't scratch or blot or get out

or order easily. They'll last

for years if you use them right.

Prices are \$2.50 and up.

E. F. BILLINGHAM,

13 Hammond St.

OUR

ST. Louis

5.00@4.75

ATL

5.00@4.50

AL

4.50

CORN

4.50

ALMUDS

1.00@.65

AN

1.00@.65

FEED

1.00@.65

AN DO

.65

ED FLOUR

.10

AN SUG

.13

AN MEAL

.15

UNSEED MEAL

.15

WORD TRICK OF MADRID MAN.

of Toledo Blades That Astonishes

an American Traveler.

Of all the cities I have visited in Eu-

rope

and the

most interesting. It has a

large

and

the

Whig and Courier

Published at Bangor, Me., every morning except Sunday, by the Whig and Courier Publishing Co.

Subscription Price, Daily, \$0.00 per year, 50 cents per month in advance. If paid at end of year the price is \$7.00. The Weekly Courier, One Dollar per year in advance.

All letters of a business nature should be addressed to the Whig & Courier Publishing Co.

Communications intended for publication should be addressed to the Editor of Whig and Courier.

Entered as Second-Class Mail Matter.

MONDAY, JANUARY 29, 1900.

A Republican State Convention

—WILL BE HELD IN—

City Hall, Lewiston.

Wed., April 11th, 1900,

At 11 o'clock A. M.

for the purpose of selecting six candidates for electors of President and Vice-President of the United States, and four delegates at large and four alternates to attend the National Republican Convention to be held at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on Tuesday, June 19, 1900, and transacting any other business that may properly come before it.

The basis of representation will be as follows: Each City, Town and Plantation will be entitled to one delegate and for each seventy-five votes cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1896, an additional delegate, and for a fraction of forty votes in excess of seventy-five votes, an additional delegate.

Vacancies in the delegation of any City, Town or Plantation can only be filled by a resident of the county in which the vacancy exists.

The State committee will be in session in the reception room of the hall on the morning of the convention for the purpose of receiving the credentials of delegates. Delegates in order to be eligible to participate in the convention must be elected subsequent to the date of the call for this convention; and delegates under this call, should not be elected to the State convention to be hereafter called for the purpose of nominating a candidate for governor.

All electors of Maine, without regard to past political differences, who are in sympathy with the sentiments expressed in the call of the Republican National Committee for the Republican National Convention, are cordially invited to unite with the Republicans of the State in electing delegates to this Convention.

Per order Republican State Committee.

Joseph H. Manley, Chairman.

Byron Boyd, Secretary.

Augusta, Maine, Thursday, Jan. 4, 1900.

Presidential Electors Must All Be Chosen in State Convention.

Headquarters.

Republican State Committee.

Augusta, Maine, Jan. 4, 1900.

To the Republicans of Maine:—Prior to 1892 two Presidential electors at large, corresponding to the two United States senators, were nominated in State convention, and the remaining electors, corresponding to the members of the United States House of Representatives were nominated by the several congressional district conventions.

The passage of the Australian Ballot law entirely changed the procedure. Under the law, all conventions are a portion of our election system, and this ballot act requires that candidates to be voted for by the voters throughout the whole State must be placed in nomination by a Convention, representing no less a constituency than the whole State. Hence, all the candidates of a party for Presidential electors must be nominated in State Convention, and I have therefore included in the call six electors.

J. H. Manley, Chairman.

Count Castellane and a French editor seem to be fighting a duel, but instead of pistols or swords they have resorted to the cable. It is safer, although a trifle expensive.

The Pennsylvania Democrats have endorsed Mr. Bryan and George Fred Williams will doubtless do the same in Massachusetts. This sort of thing may be pleasing to the gentleman from Nebraska, but it will not contribute materially toward gratifying his ambition to reside for a time in the White House. The Democrats of Pennsylvania and George Fred Williams cut a very small figure when it comes to election day.

The Boston Herald says: Senator Chandler of New Hampshire was fully justified in his indignant denial of the charge of Senator Morgan of Alabama that the Civil war had been precipitated by designing politicians of the North with the idea of thrusting upon the people of the South the negro in social and political equality. Mr. Morgan's speech was made more than a week earlier and the wonder is that it was not replied to on the spot. This may be accounted for perhaps by the fact that Mr. Morgan's longer speeches are not much listened to in the Senate.

The Secretary of War has approved the plans of the "New York State Central Historical Memorial" to be erected on Lookout mountain. The designs contemplate the most imposing monument yet erected by any state upon the battlefields of the civil war. It will cost between \$60,000 and \$70,000, and will be seventy-six feet high, exclusive of the bronze group on top. The temple base in to be fifty-two feet in diameter. It will be located at Point Park, the most commanding position of Point Lookout. Work on the foundations has already begun.

"Missouri," says the Kansas City Journal, "has furnished more miles for the South African trade than any other State in the Union, or nearly as many, it is claimed, as all of them." V. L. Strook, a prominent stock dealer of

Monroe County, has just returned from Cape Town, where he shipped and sold for the supply of the British army a cargo of mules. He says the supply is much less than the demand and that a man with capital has a fine field for speculation in buying and shipping mules to the South African country.

Good mules can be bought in Missouri at \$50 to \$80. It costs, on an average, \$65 to ship them to Cape Town, and every animal that arrives in good shape will sell for two or three times its cost."

Japan's new gold fields are beginning to attract considerable attention. They were only recently discovered and, so far as at present defined, embrace a territory of about 650 square miles, including the entire northwestern part of the island in the province of Kitami. The center of the district is Mount Horo Noboru. The gold is found in the small streams and rivers rising in the mountains and it is obtained in the most primitive manner by washing the sand. The town of Esashi, a short time ago a mere village, is now, in consequence of its situation in the center of the gold district, a city of from 8,000 to 10,000 inhabitants and is daily growing. Whether the deposits will be traced to a "mother lode" in the mountains cannot be predicted with any certainty owing to the geological formation of this part of the island.

Frank Daniels made an experiment last week at Wallack's, New York, well calculated to set at rest all arguments as to the most valuable form of advertising. Speaking of it, the comedian said: "As everybody with eyes must know, theatrical organizations pay out a fortune every year for advertising. This advertising takes many forms—newspaper, bill boards, lithographs in windows, elevated railroad stations, postal cards, street cars and a hundred and one other things supposed to catch the eye of the public. There was a pretty warm argument the other night in my dressing room over the best form of advertising. I didn't take part because I knew it would result as I had heard the same argument result many times before. But the next day I told my manager, Kirke La Shelle, and we concluded to test the thing by the only reliable means. So that night, between the acts, ushers distributed among the audience slips with a brief printed statement setting forth the disputed question and politely asking the recipient to indicate by a check mark, in the list of various advertising forms employed, which one had attracted him to the performance—the advertisement in the newspaper, the bill boards, window lithographs or something else. Well, the people seemed to take kindly to the idea and the response was most liberal. Eleven hundred slips were handed to the ushers after the next curtain, and of that number 991 showed that that many of the 1100 had been attracted by the newspaper solely. Henceforth," the comedian concluded, "the newspapers will get ten-elevenths of all the money Manager La Shelle sets aside for advertising purposes."

The Shipping Bill.

The bill now before Congress for the promotion of American shipping in the foreign carrying trade is a bill upon which almost all of those engaged in shipbuilding and shipowning in the United States have united in advocacy, says the American Economist. It conforms to the recommendations of the President in his last annual message to Congress, and it is in accord with the recommendations in the last annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury. It is also in line with the suggestions made in the last report of the Commissioner of Navigation, is indorsed by Senator Frye, the President of the United States Senate, and who is also Chairman of the Senate Committee on Commerce. It has been introduced in the House by the Republican leader upon the floor, Hon. Sereno E. Payne, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee.

The shipping bill has been indorsed by some two hundred commercial and agricultural organizations, in all parts of the country, many of which are of great national strength and influence. Several State Legislatures have petitioned Congress in behalf of its passage. It has been before the people for over a year, has been widely discussed in the press, and the trend of comment is largely favorable, many Democratic newspapers, especially in the South, warmly commanding its provisions and advocating its passage.

This shipping bill provides compensation for American vessels, engaging in the foreign carrying trade, just about sufficient in amount to enable them to compete with the foreign ships which now monopolize all but 8 per cent. of American foreign carrying. These foreign ships earn, it is conservatively computed, between \$175,000,000 and \$200,000,000 a year in freight and passenger charges, which sum, or its equivalent in the products of the United States, must be shipped abroad to defray the cost of our ocean transportation.

From this brief summary of facts, of large importance in connection with the efforts that have been for nearly forty years so unsuccessfully made to secure adequate protection for American ships in competition with foreign ships in the carrying of American foreign commerce; and considering, also, that the interests most immediately and directly affected are a practical unit in the advocacy; besides which it commands such widespread endorsement from commercial and agricultural interests and the press, and the advocacy of those members of Congress whose support is essential to the passage of any legislation helpful to American shipping interests in the foreign carrying trade,

the man's duty as a member of the commonwealth, is to assist in the maintenance in the advance, in the defense of the State. The woman's duty, as a member of the commonwealth, is to assist in the ordering in the commonwealth.

"HAVE YOU ECZEMA?"—Have you any skin disease or eruptions? Are you subject to chafing or scalding? Dr. Agnew's Ointment prevents and cures any and all of these, and cures Itching, Bleeding and Blind Piles besides. One application brings relief in ten minutes, and cases cured in three to six nights. 35 cents. Sold by Caldwell Sweet and Ara Warren.—83.

The man's duty as a member of the commonwealth, is to assist in the maintenance in the advance, in the defense of the State. The woman's duty, as a member of the commonwealth, is to assist in the ordering in the commonwealth.

"Neglected colds make that grave yard." Dr. Woods' Norway Pine, Syrup helps to cure colds, coughs, to a great extent, and cures Blind Piles.

It was a busy month for Dr. Woods, who has lost no time in sending from Boston, Capt. E. J. D' Martinez, a well-qualified medical man, to

work under the Lieutenant's direction, and he at once began his task of constructing in the Havana arsenal the several mines and torpedoes specified in the plan submitted by Capt. Varteril.

Lieut. C. — and Senor D' Martinez were well acquainted in Spain before either went to Cuba, and D' Martinez says he was thoroughly in the confidence of his friend of the engineer corps and personally witnessed much of the expert work that was going on in the Havana arsenal.

Attempts were made on the nights of Jan. 25 and Feb. 13 to blow up the Maine, but they failed presumably from defective insulation of the electrical discharging apparatus.

Lieut. C. — and Orlaquando, a Spanish diver employed, evidently were not easily discouraged. They still had remaining their masterpiece. This was a giant cigar-shaped torpedo. It was approximately nine feet long and 36 inches in diameter at its center and contained 850 pounds of gun-cotton in the charge proper, a double end percussion fuse at each extremity, and an electrical fuse in the body of the charge, the purpose of the latter being to explode the torpedo by electrical connection from the shore in the event of the natural swing of the ship, caused by wind and tide, failing to bring her in contact with the percussion fuses.

Orlaquando had been ordered to remove from buoy No. 4 the torpedo which had failed on the night of the 12th and to substitute for it the giant, No. 5. This he accomplished during the night of Feb. 14.

The giant torpedo was towed from in front of the arsenal by a steam launch in which were Orlaquando, a pilot, an engineer, Lieut. C. —, two diver's helpers who were Orlaquando's regular assistants, and four enlisted men supplied by Capt. E. — to assist. The night was dark and the torpedo was laid without discovery.

HOW THE SHIP WAS BLOWN UP.

Coming to the blowing up of the Maine, D' Martinez, continuing his story, says that Lieut. C. — had made the most careful preparations to have no failure when the time should come to explode the big torpedo.

In the morning of Feb. 15 the anchored shore end of the firing cable was recovered from the custom house and introduced into a temporary firing well which had been arranged beneath that building. In this firing well was placed an ingenious electrical contrivance designed to intensify the current that was to heat the platinum bridges in the torpedo and so explode the charge in case the swinging of the ship should not explode it by percussion, and it should become necessary to use the electrical device.

Connecting the custom house with a sentry box located in Fuzca Castle, a small structure near the mouth of the harbor, was a permanent telegraph wire, commonly used to notify the custom house of the approach of a small harbor tug employed as a despatch boat between that point and Morro Castle.

If papers of importance were expected from the governor of the castle, instructions were not infrequently given to the guard at Fuzca to call up the custom house as the tug passed bound up the harbor. An aide from the captain-general's palace would then be in

waiting at the custom house to receive and deliver without delay whatever

of importance the despatch boat might bring. This wire from Fuzca to the custom house was an ordinary land circuit. Men detailed by Capt. E. — ran a second wire between the same two points, and this converted the line into a complete metallic circuit. At the custom house end the wires were introduced into the firing well and thence into the reinforcing apparatus whose mission it was to flash beneath the sullen waters of the harbor the spark that should ignite the fuse.

Lieut. C. — did not leave. He remained there and nothing happened. His wife and child are there now and he is in New York city.

In a sworn statement made in Washington on the 24th of January, 1900, before Hamilton J. Burney, notary public for the District of Columbia, after speaking of his marriage and secret service work for the Spanish government, the deponent states that he attended a military council held in Madrid on Dec. 16 and 17, 1897.

"After making his report on the New York and Pensacola harbor defenses and delivering to the council the documents and reports of the custom house and the telegraph wire, commonly used to notify the custom house of the approach of a small harbor tug employed as a despatch boat between that point and Morro Castle. If papers of importance were expected from the governor of the castle, instructions were not infrequently given to the guard at Fuzca to call up the custom house as the tug passed bound up the harbor. An aide from the captain-general's palace would then be in

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Lieut. C. —, it appears, had laid a most subtle plot for the explosion of this particular torpedo. He had planned that the hand that actually sent the current on its deadly mission should be the hand of a man innocent of guilty purpose and ignorant of the awful results that were destined to follow.

According to his report on his arrival in Havana, he delivered to Captain General Blanco the originals of the despatches intrusted to him and preserved copies made during the voyage. Captain General Blanco, deponent says, had been advised by Capt. E. — to give the current on its deadly mission to the hand of a man innocent of guilty purpose and ignorant of the awful results that were destined to follow.

During the entire day of Feb. 15 Lieut. C. — was intently watching the conditions of the wind and such little tide as there is in the sluggish waters of Havana harbor. From time to time he studied his plotting board and made observations. Tugging heavily at her buoy, the great battleship was slowly, almost imperceptibly, swinging into a new position which he had selected the afternoon. Lieut. C. — believed he could bring her in a few hours more just where he wanted her to be. He took his measures accordingly. Orders were issued that the little harbor dispatch boat should run across to Morro when Lieut. C. — gave the word. The guard of the harbor was instructed to call up the custom house and report the approach of the despatch boat when she passed Fuzca bound in on her homeward course.

So confident was Lieut. C. — at night approached that the Maine would be in the right position at about 10 o'clock when he issued his orders to the despatch boat, and at about 7:45 o'clock she cast off from in front of the custom house for her run to Morro Castle.

Deponent further avers that on his arrival in Havana he delivered to Captain General Blanco the originals of the despatches intrusted to him and preserved copies made during the voyage. Captain General Blanco, deponent says, had been advised by Capt. E. — to give the current on its deadly mission to the hand of a man innocent of guilty purpose and ignorant of the awful results that were destined to follow.

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So confident was Lieut. C. — at night approached that the Maine would be in the right position at about 10 o'clock when he issued his orders to the despatch boat, and at about 7:45 o'clock she cast off from in front of the custom house for her run to Morro Castle.

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BULLER REPULSED.

REPORTED THAT THE BOERS HAVE BEATEN HIM ON THE TUGELA.

JAPAN IS ARMING FAST.

THE MAKADO MAY BE READY FOR WAR IN SIX MONTHS.

President McKinley, Anxious to End War in Philippines—Scheme Drawn Up—Condensed News.

New York, Jan. 27. A special cable despatch to the Evening Journal from London says:

It is reported that the British under Buller on the Tugela river have suffered another reverse besides that at Spion kop, and that a portion of his force has been driven back beyond the positions he held prior to the attack on Spion kop. Further, than this bare report, which has been persistently circulated in the vicinity of the war office, there are no details of what has actually happened. Speculation, however, is responsible for any number of disasters that could happen.

It is a fact that the extreme British right resting at Chieveley under command of Gen. Chieley, has had a fight with the Boers, the engagement so far as the British were concerned being in the nature of a surprise. It is also a fact that the British came out second best, but the extent of their defeat is not known.

The war office has been alive all night with bustle and anxiety. An official visitor who came away at 8 A. M. let enough escape him to make it more than likely that the Boers, while Warren was engaged in the fruitless attack on Spion kop, were energetically making an attempt to flank Buller's army on the east. What the result was is not publicly known. It has excited the war officials, however, and this alone is enough to cause alarm.

It is even declared that the extreme mobility of the Boers has enabled them to seriously threaten Gen. Buller. His line of communication with Eschau, and beyond, and that he is in the most serious position the British troops have faced since the South African war was begun.

MAFeking SAVED AT LAST.

Lorenzo Marquez, Delagoa Bay, Friday, Jan. 26. It is reported on good Transvaal authority that Mafeking, which has been held by a little garrison under Col. Baden-Powell, was relieved Thursday, Jan. 23.

BOERS CAPTURED 17 GUNS.

Berlin, Jan. 27. Some of the papers here claim to have a telegram from Pretoria saying that Gen. Warren was spied on Spion kop, where the Boers fell upon him; that 17 of his cannon were captured and that Buller's hasty

retreat over the Tugela river alone can save him.

The alleged Pretoria telegram adds that the British losses were 800 men killed and 1500 wounded.

The despatch comes through Brussels and does not receive much credit in this city.

JAPAN ARMING FAST.

London, Jan. 27. Some of the afternoon newspapers associate the departure today of the new Japanese battleship Shikishima with possible complications in regard to the situation in China, especially as it is announced that the Shikishima will endeavor to traverse the Suez canal by divesting herself of her armament. Up to the present no ship of such size has traversed the canal.

The interpretation that the departure of the Shikishima, was directly due to the situation in China is incorrect, as the Associated Press learns today that the date set for sailing was decided upon many weeks ago, and a farewell party was held on board of her previous to

the present of the canal.

If the amnesty proclamation is issued in time a copy of it will be included in the President's message, with the report of the Philippine commission.

The majority of the cabinet it is understood, favor granting amnesty at

ingly; the appointment of a civil commission to undertake the work of civil government to supersede the military form of government for the islands; and the urging of Congress to make some declaration showing it to be the purpose of the United States to permanently hold the Philippines and suppress insurrection.

Aside from the matter of providing immediate relief for the desperate situation in Porto Rico, these questions are now receiving more attention from the Administration than any other problems. President McKinley will send to Congress in a few days the full report of the Philippine commission, which is now before him, and the subjects mentioned are being discussed with a view to making some observations in his letter of transmittal as to the present status of affairs in the Philippines, and as to what the Administration contemplates doing pending legislative action.

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L. P. EVANS, of Dever,

Who Delivered the Essay at Meeting of Maine Press Association.

the deposition of the Emperor of China.

But though this incident was given exaggerated importance in the afternoon newspapers, those in England most cognizant of the secret aims of Japan, especially those who are fulfilling her naval contracts have for some time thoroughly believed she meditated striking a blow at Russia. If this impression is correct, and there is the highest and most conservative authority on which to base it, it is not unlikely that Japan's hands may be forced and that her intended coup will be attempted before her plans are completed.

It may be that Japan only mediates for the present a demonstration to prevent Russia from accomplishing the designs which various correspondents have credited her with since the change in China's Emperor.

Two powerful war vessels built for Japan on the Clyde will soon be ready to sail, while others are under course of rapid construction. Their strength has not attracted much attention, but their importance as international factors can be judged from a statement made by one of England's greatest ship-builders, who declared that the vessels building for Japan were the most powerful in the world and could destroy the best British ships in 15 minutes.

Several of Japan's vessels in course of construction would have been completed before now and not Japan encountered financial difficulties. The British builders would not let the vessels sail until everything was paid for in cash. To accomplish this Japan induced a syndicate of English bankers to advance the money, and their action has been the subject of a good deal of private criticism in the inner admiralty circles, when it was realized what tremendous naval power Japan was accumulating; and though Great Britain's strength was not impaired, it was thought inadvisable for British capitalists to assist Japan so materially to become a dangerous rival.

A well known naval expert says that if Japan puts in commission the ships scheduled for service in the near future, she will be ready for war within six months, and then can defy Russia, and as the Japanese and Russian ships at present in the far east compare, Japan's fleet would have an excellent chance of controlling the situation.

RUSSIA ACTIVE IN ASIA.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 27. The Herald publishes a pointed article discussing the recent experimental transfer of Russian troops to Kuskh, and says plainly:

"Russia is obliged to take precautions against the balance of power in consequence of recent events. It is unjust, therefore, to blame Russia if she is making preparations regarding the long strip between Persia and Afghanistan."

LOYALTY AT CALCUTTA.

Calcutta, Jan. 27. A monster meeting of Hindus and Mohammedans in the town hall here today passed a resolution expressing unwavering loyalty and attachment to the throne and desiring to offer prayers for the victory of the British in all places of worship. The meeting also subscribed 63,000 rupees toward the Mansion House fund for the relief of the widows and families of the victims of the South African war.

PLANS FOR AMNESTY.

Washington, Jan. 27. President McKinley has now under consideration propositions relative to the Philippines, which contemplate these actions:

The issuance of a proclamation through Gen. Otis, granting amnesty to all Filipinos in insurrection against the United States, on the condition that they lay down their arms and agree to respect the authority of the United States, and declaring that all who refuse to acknowledge this sovereignty within certain specific time will be considered as outlaws and treated accord-

ingly; the appointment of a civil commission to undertake the work of civil government to supersede the military form of government for the islands; and the urging of Congress to make some declaration showing it to be the purpose of the United States to permanently hold the Philippines and suppress insurrection.

London, Jan. 27. The ship Challenger, of Bath, Me., Capt. Gould, from Hongkong, Oct. 6, for New York, passed St. Helena on Jan. 4, jury rigged, foretopmast, having lost bowsprit, foretopmast and main top gallant mast in a whirlwind on Dec. 12 in latitude 30° south, longitude 31° 30' east.

Bottile, Me., Jan. 27. Charles H. Harris of this town died this morning. He was 65 years old. He came to Ethel from Westbrook about 1823. He was once in trade in Newry, and later in Dethel, but during several years had been out of business. He had been in poor health some time. He leaves a widow and two children.

Hallowell, Me., Jan. 27. Samuel A. Stoddard, after a long illness, died last night. He was born in Hallowell in 1835, and attended the public schools of the city. He was in business in Bangor nearly 30 years. At the death of his father, 15 years ago, he returned to Hallowell and carried on the soap and tallow business which elder Stoddard had established many years before.

Mr. Stoddard was a deep thinker and a constant student. As a business man he was keen and far-sighted. In 1881 he represented Ward 1 in the city council. He was deeply interested in public affairs. In politics he was a Repub-

lition. Augusta, Me., Jan. 27. Insurance Commissioner Carr will prevent the agents of the Boston Mutual Life Company from soliciting business in this state. The company has no license, and neither has any of its agents here. The fine for soliciting insurance in this state without a license is \$50 for each offense, or imprisonment of not more than 60 days.

Saco, Me., Jan. 27. The Saco Congregational church has extended a pastoral call to the Rev. Robert C. Hartwell of Sacoport.

Washington D. C., Jan. 27. Prof. Alfred J. Henry, who for 20 years has been actively connected with the weather bureau service, has been chosen to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Prof. Henry A. Hazen. At present Prof. Henry is chief of the meteorological division.

Portland, Me., Jan. 27. Today a fire occurred in a small house on Washington street, owned and occupied by Mrs. Margaret Keane, an elderly lady about 90 years of age. She was so recently burned that it is not expected she will live.

Havana, Jan. 27. La Lucha is very indignant over the recent letter from Gen. Ludlow to the New York Times regarding the status of the American military authorities in Cuba and his own case in particular. The paper calls the letter insulting, and declares that if Gen. Ludlow were not military governor of Havana, La Lucha would not tolerate his action.

The Discussion says the order of Gov. Gen. Wood instructing military com-

manders not to interfere in the functions of civil authorities except in extreme cases virtually gives Gen. Emilio Nunez, the civil governor of Havana, and not Gen. Ludlow, power in the matter of the budget. Gen. Nunez says the matter of the budget is only one instance of what will result from his undefined prerogatives.

Paris, Jan. 27. The body of about 100 striking carpenters entered the work yards of the exposition today, but the police drove them back. One policeman was injured. Three arrests were made.

Springfield, Ills., Jan. 27. The dead body of Rev. Joseph Sullivan, formerly of Worcester, Mass., was found in the rear of the residence of Vicar-General T. Hickey, at daybreak this morning. In the hollow of the rear of the head was a three-cornered indentation, the result being that public hostility to railroads is diminishing in proportion as they deal fairly with the public. So long as the railroads deal equitably with the public there will be little reason to fear hostile legislation, and the shipper need have small fear of the present concentration of management provided no securer, fair and stable rates. All of these facts strengthen railroads as investments. At present the railroads are experiencing the benefits of the country's prosperity. According to the Chronicle 119 roads in 12 months of 1899 and 59 roads in 11 months earned \$1,210,000, an increase of \$114,500, or about 10 per cent. over the previous year. These are stupendous figures, but if the comparisons were made in 1895 or 1896 they would be still more astonishing. They mean that the most important industry in the country has been transferred from a condition of uncertainty two or three years ago to one of soundness and strength. As investments or as speculative purchases there is no class of securities that offers better inducements than those of the railroads. They are the safest and the surest of reasonable profits.

Without wishing to discriminate against the industrials, it cannot escape attention that they are united; that they are sustained by profits which probably cannot continue; that as a class they are highly inflated; that they must face a period of hostile legislation, that many of them must undergo severe reorganization, and that speculation therein involves unusual risk.

There are a few of the industrials which will prove remunerative to their holders, and these may be held with confidence. So far as these industrials have become a serious menace to the stock market, for the reason that only a small proportion of their issues of securities is distributed among the public. The great majority of the industrials are still held by the original holders who accepted securities when surrendering control of their individual plants. If they failed to sell at the high prices of 1899 they simply lost imaginary profits; there were no real losses to them. Hence the decline has caused less injury than would have happened had the public been a free buyer of these inflated properties. In the future operations in the industrials are likely to be carried along on more conservative lines. The banks are discriminating sharply as to collateral, and this is a factor of safety.

The industrials cannot expect to gain full public confidence until they furnish reliable annual or semi-annual reports of their operations and conditions. In view of the enormous powers and advantages which they hold, the public have a right to this information and legislation against the trusts could take no wiser or more effective form than enforcement of public utility laws. Investors would be protected against monopolistic abuses; investors would be saved from fraud and the industrials themselves would again through commanding the confidence of which many of them are now destitute.

No pronounced advance in the market is likely until the big leaders are ready for it, yet the intrinsic conditions are sound. Money is easy and likely to be continued for some time to come, both here and abroad, so here is no reason for taking other than a confident and patient view as to the future.

The admiral also reports the following deaths in the fleet:

Lawrence Orson Adams, apprentice of the Solace; W. P. Walker, ordinary seaman of the Wheeling; Henry Thomas, landsman of the Bennington; James Franklin, ordinary seaman of the Castine, and P. C. Fenney, private marine of the New Orleans.

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ABOUT THE CITY.

A DAY'S HAPPENINGS WRITTEN UP BY THE WHIG MAN.

INTERESTING LOCAL CHAPTER.

SHORT STORIES OF WHAT'S TAKING PLACE EACH DAY.

What the People Say and Do And How They Do and Say It.

The funeral of Mrs. George Webster will take place from her residence on Ohio street, at 2:30 today.

The Elizabeth Yates, Y. W. C. T. U., will hold a candlemas social Tuesday evening, Jan. 29, with Miss Crosby at No. 12 Fifth street.

Mr. W. E. S. Whitman of Augusta, is so far recovered from his recent illness that he was able to be on the street, one day last week, though he is yet weak.

The conditions of Hon. J. W. Bradbury of Augusta, changes but little from day to day. He was about the same Saturday, as he had been during the week.

The Bangor Board of Trade holds its regular monthly meeting this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The board of managers have a meeting the same afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

The funeral services of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Alec McLeod occurred Saturday at 2 P. M. at 193 York street, Rev. Mr. Pember officiating. The arrangements were in charge of Willard S. Varney and the interment was at Mt. Hope.

Bucksport Herald: A newspaper report that Detective Dennis Tracy was to spend several weeks in town created something of a sensation, especially when Mr. Tracy appeared on the scene. The information bursts were all agog and sent out bulletins that the Ward case was to be taken up again. It proved to be a false alarm—it was weeks instead of weeks that Mr. Tracy was to be with us.

Dr. Charles Minor Blackford, of the U. S. Fish Commission, has returned to Washington, D. C., after a stay of several months at the Craigie's Brook Station, East Orlando, where he has been studying in his special line, the diseases of fish. Dr. Blackford is the only specialist in the world in his line.

During his stay in this section he made many friends and his talks before the October Club will long be remembered.

M. T. A. Linn and party of Hartland, will leave this week, for Sugar Island, Moosehead Lake, where they will spend a week fishing through the ice. They will make their headquarters at the Night Hawk Club House, of which club Mr. Linn is a member. Mr. Linn has been fishing in that locality each winter for several years, and reports the fishing very fine and large catches. The following gentleman will accompany Mr. Linn on the trip: W. D. Burton, A. R. Burton, Calvin Blake, David Hall, William Hall, G. M. Lancy, Henry Bradbury, L. W. Flint, R. W. Linn, Hartland; T. G. Lancy, D. M. Parks, W. L. Pushor, Pittsfield; J. Fisher, Bangor.

An official who has considerable business through the United States mail, says it is a great source of wonder to him how the service is conducted as it is in the satisfaction giving manner. This man says in the past five years he has had all sums from 25 cents to very large amounts sent to him and never yet has he lost any money. Once a letter was supposed to contain a half dollar was found with a hole in the envelope and with the silver gone. Inquiry was made and it was found a half dollar had been found in a mail sack the day the letter was received. Thus the official says he has never, in the past five years, lost a cent that has been transmitted through the mails in this careless manner.

The Washington County Railroad Monthly for February, just issued, is as bright and attractive as ever. The frontispiece represents a snow scene near the eastern boundary of the county with Tunk mountain in the distance. There are several handsome pictures of camping resorts, landscapes, etc., in the book but the most picturesque

among them is a log jam between the east shore and the little island just above the W. C. R. R. steel bridge which spans the river in the town of Whitneyville. The bridge is also plainly represented. The town of Addison has a short write up and is described as one of the most picturesque spots on the Maine coast for those seeking a quiet place to pass all or a part of the summer near the sea shore.

THE 19TH CENTURY CLUB.

A Notable Gathering at the Home of Mrs. G. C. Gardner on Friday Afternoon.

The Nineteenth Century Club held its regular January meeting on Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. C. Gardner, ex-Alfredian Albert A. Kenney, who is one of the most highly respected and influential of Bay's business men. Mr. Kenney's business is that of a house builder and contractor, and he has done particularly toward the improvement of the city than any other man in this city. He is a prominent and

NEWS OF BREWER.

ITEMS OF INTEREST AND SPICY GOSSIP OF THE TOWN.

SKETCH OF MR. A. A. KENNEY.

FUNERAL OF THE LATE PHILIP L. CARLOW, ON SUNDAY.

What the People Are Doing and Saying These Cold Winter Days.

The above picture in this issue is that of ex-Alfredian Albert A. Kenney, who is one of the most highly respected and influential of Bay's business men. Mr. Kenney's business is that of a house builder and contractor, and he has done particularly toward the improvement of the city than any other man in this city. There was a very large attendance of relatives and

who dressed the wound and made him as comfortable as possible.

Mr. Willard Carlow of Calais is in the city to attend the funeral of his brother, Mr. Philip Carlow, which was held Sunday. He is accompanied by his sister, Mrs. D. McPhail.

Mr. H. M. Durnham, the well known Olinotian druggist, was in town Sunday to attend the funeral of the late Philip Carlow.

Mrs. Charles Robinson and daughter Natalie of Caribou are the guests of Mrs. Robinson's mother, Mrs. Whelden, of Wilson street. Mr. Robinson is at present in the Eastern Maine hospital at Bangor, where he has undergone a critical operation.

The funeral services of the late Mr. Philip L. Carlow were held at his residence on Hollock street at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon. Rev. John Tilling pastor of the M. E. church, officiated. The singing was by Mr. Allen G. Ray and Miss Alice Ray. The bearers were his three sons, Messrs. George, Albert and Edward, Fred Stanton, Benton Fields and Asa Fields. The burial was at Oak Hill cemetery. There was a

large attendance of relatives and



ALBERT A. KENNEY.

practical business man and is a citizen of whom Brewer people feel justly proud.

Among the many buildings which he has erected in this city may be mentioned that of the First Congregational church, the plans for which were selected by him.

This building is the finest edifice in Brewer, and from an artistic standpoint is a fine piece of architecture. Besides the church Mr. Kenney has built several of Brewer's school houses which are fine structures, having all the modern improvements. They are the High school building, the Chamberlain street and Page school houses, the South Brewer school house and the Mill Dam school house. He has also constructed many of the handsome residences in Brewer, among them being his own residence at the corner of Washington and Chamberlain streets, which may be mentioned among Brewer's beautiful homes.

Mr. Kenney is a very modest and retiring man, and by his square dealing, temperate habits and strict attention to business, he has become a most influential citizen. He has held many positions of trust since residing in Brewer.

Mr. Kenney has been a good man for the laboring class for the past thirty years in this city, having given employment to a large number of carpenters, masons, plumbers, etc.; also good to

His is a prominent member of the First Congregational church, being at present one of the assessors, and is also one of the directors of the Brewer Savings bank. He is now and always has been a staunch Republican and has been alderman of ward one for two different terms.

Mrs. J. S. Rose is the guest of Mrs. Herbert W. Royce at her home on Hollock street for a few days.

Mr. Preston Rich is critically ill at his home on Parker street in this city. Miss Helen Burr is confined to her house by illness.

Mr. Charles Nichols, the Orono druggist, was in town Saturday.

Mr. Edward Savage is confined to the house by illness.

Mrs. Wallace Whelden is recovering from a severe attack of the grippe.

The friends of Mrs. Howard Whelden will regret to learn that she is critically ill at her home in this city.

The regular meeting of the Elks, N. Jones command, Union Veterans' Union, will be held Monday evening, Jan. 29. A full attendance is requested.

The following ladies will take part in the musical at Mrs. W. H. Gardner's on Monday afternoon. Vocal solo by Miss Emily Merrill, Mrs. Hathorn, and Miss Frances Upton; piano solo by Miss Dunnmore, Miss Ethel Hood and Mr. George Oakman; and readings by Miss Alice M. Farrington, Mrs. May Hutchings and Mrs. Charles J. Curtis.

Wyman's voting contest closes Wednesday night at 10 o'clock.

Mr. Harry Jones of Bettom street, an employee of Parker & Peaks' shoe factory, received a painful injury by getting the end of his forefinger caught in a machine of the factory one day last week. He was attended by Dr. Foss

The Arden Club had a very pleasant meeting at the residence of Miss Annie Holmes on Saturday evening. The study of Anthony and Cleopatra was taken up.

Miss Jennie Farrington, the popular teacher at the Mill Dam school, is suffering from a severe attack of rheumatism.

Mr. Everett Harriman is recovering from the effects of fever. His many friends are glad to hear it.

The King's Daughters are still active in their good work among the poor of Brewer. Their meetings are always well attended and much interest is manifested by all the members.

Miss Lilia McLeod is still teaching school at South Brewer where her good work is thoroughly appreciated by the pupils and their friends. The report that she was about to resign was untrue.

The Methodist entertainment promises to be a grand affair. A large number of tickets are being sold by the members of the church and society.

A CORRECTION.

Hampden Corner, Me., Jan. 26, 1900.

Mr. Editor:

Dear Sir—Please correct the error in your drift in regard to the Hampden Independent Mill Day Co. of the town, written by some one not knowing its offices. So the honor will be credited to the right parties concerned. Mr. or Harding, although an expert officer had nothing to do with the company whatever. Following are the officers and the ones who organized, drilled and brought the company to such a high standing which was shown at the Maine State Fair at Bangor last year.

Frank C. Tuncet, Captain, formerly

2d, Lt. Co. A, 2d Regt., N. G. S. M.

team of service 6 years; Albert M.

Flagg, 1st Lt., formerly 1st, Sergt. Co.

A, 2d Regt., N. G. S. M. team of service 6 years; C. C. A. Knowles, 2d Lt., formerly 2d, Sergt. Co. A, 2d Regt., N. G. S. M. team of service 9 years. Yours very truly,

P. C. Turner, Capt. Comdg. Co.

It is felt, however, that the season will be very short, and the reports come from the up river regions that the crews are being rushed as fast as possible that every possible advantage may be taken of what snow there is on the ground. There is not over a foot of snow on the ground in the woods.

MAINE D. A. R.

The State Council to Meet in Biddeford.

Here are a Few Goods

That We Carry:

Alum | Epsom

Sulphur | Bristols

Petroleum Jelly 11 bottles

Vaseline in bulk

Rosin | Pitch

Gum | Putz Pomade

Burnishine | Brilliant

Miller's Harness Dressing

Soap

Flour of Emery

W. P. DICKEY & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

Hardware Dealers

GREAT RED FIGURE

MARK DOWN SALE.

Men's and Boys'

Clothing, Furnishings, Hats, Caps, Etc.

Commencing Thursday, Feb. 1st, at 8 A. M.

This is our Great Cheap Sale. There is none so cheap and yet so profitable as our

Red Figure Mark Down Sale. Watch this paper Wednesday morning for PRICES.

Benoit Clothing Co., 20 State Street, Bangor, Me.

A BIG INCREASE.

REMARKABLE SHOWING OF BUSINESS IN BANGOR'S POST OFFICE.

IS A SIGN OF PROSPERITY.

STATE SCHOOL SUPT.

Hon. N. A. Luce Gives a Sketch of Hon. W. W. Stetson.

The latest copy of the School World, an educational magazine published in Farmington, contains an article written by Hon. N. A. Luce on "Maine's Superintendent of Schools." Accompanying the well-written sketch is a half-tone engraving of the superintendent from one of his late pictures.

The article gives the work of the superintendent of the past five years, telling of the admirable manner in which Mr. Stetson was fitted for the work and the modes he has used in carrying them out.

"Hon. W. W. Stetson, state superintendent of public schools," says Mr. Luce, was appointed to his position and entered upon his duties in January 1897. The work which he found awaiting him and his preparation and fitness for the doing seem almost to have been befitting.

"Mr. Stetson was fortunately born of sturdy Puritan stock, and inherited a sound mind in sound body. He drew from his ancestry that intense energy, persistence and push which fitted him for the work he had to do. Not less fit was he in being bred in his childhood and youth, in a typical Maine rural community and in getting his early education in the rural schools of that community. At 15 years of age he began teaching in the rural school districts of his time during the winter months, and during the spring and fall still further pursued his studies in Monmouth academy. At the age of 19 he went West. There he taught again in the rural schools, was further educated in a Western college, had experience in graded school work, both as principal and superintendent and for a while taught in a Normal school. He also did work in county institutes.

In 1887 he returned to Maine assuming the principaship of the Webster school in Auburn and with it the superintendence of the Auburn schools. This twofold position he held until called to the State superintendence."

The Mr. Luce tells the story of the work of the past five years and the progress and good results that have been accomplished. Not much is told of the five years than Mr. Luce himself a former superintendent.

The joke is on set of Orono who went to a day evening to attend. They went to Old Town or Orono, wherever they could and drove from one to another. They were soon to a place where they found the first place they were looking for, before much to their surprise.

A meeting of the Council was held Friday evening at C. Fernald.

The service at the meeting Sunday was a unanimous subject of the meeting.

"The Temptation of Christ" was under the direction of Mr. Fernald.

The Woman's Club will be at night with Mrs. H. M. Foss who has been visiting. Mr. Merrill for some time Mr. Merrill from Auburn to Seattle and back in lumbering.

Mr. William Boyle is able again to attend to his duties as click in Barnham's drug store after a short illness.

The dance at Unity Hall Saturday evening was attended by about sixty couples.

Messrs. J. Adams, N. Adams, Ralph Connor, L. Lee and Richard Carr of the University of Maine were very pleasantly entertained at supper by Mr. Lewis Bosworth, a student at the University of Maine at his home in this city Friday evening, where a very enjoyable evening was passed.

The Tarratine Lodge entertained royally at their hall Friday evening, where a banquet was served, and the second and third degrees were worked by the degree team of the Penobscot Lodge of Bangor. A delegation from Good Samaritan of Orono attended. Those from Bangor and Orono went home at a late hour on a special B. O. & O. car.

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Hood's Pills cure sick headache.

GRASP ALL AND LONE ALONE. My people are so ignorant of all that they lose strength and ultimately, however, those who stored by taking Hood's Pills which has put me in a business condition on the road to success by giving me strong digestion, strong nerves and a strong brain. It does the same thing to weak and tired women.